



Study on Demarcation of Catchment Management Areas

Stakeholders Surveys Templates Report





- 1. Introduction
- 2. Demarcation of Catchment Management Areas
- 3. Consultation approach
- 4. Stakeholder identification and analysis
- 5. Guiding principles for the stakeholder/ community consultation exercises
- 6. Final remarks





I. INTRODUCTION

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 Deliverable 3 (D-3): Stakeholder Survey Templates

Phases		Months										
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Phase 1 – Planning and data collection												
D-1: Inception Report												
Phase 2 – Mapping												
D-2: Overlaying of Maps Report												
D-3: Stakeholder Survey Templates Report												
Phase 3 - Discussion of catchment areas management approaches												
D-4: Consultation Report												
Phase 4 - Consolidated catchment management strategy												
D-5: Draft Final Report												
Phase 5 - Strategy presentation and validation												
D-6: Final Report												







- Stakeholder and community consultation is one of the 4 main components of the study;
- The report presents the guiding principles for carrying out the stakeholder/ community consultation, including the questionnaires templates.



Workshop in Gaborone (25/11/2019)



OBJECTIVES



- Gather stakeholders' input regarding the demarcation of CMAs and definition of CMCs, and identify the best approach for Botswana;
- 2. Identify the different decentralized institutions and their capacity for managing water resources at local level, to define the composition of CMCs;
- 3. Disclose the progress of the Study on the Demarcation of Catchment Management Areas for the community to be informed and engaged.



MAIN CONCEPTS



- Catchment Management Areas (CMAs):
 planning units for managing water resources at
 the lowest level. The CMAs might be defined
 upon different criteria considering the physical,
 administrative and political context;
- Catchment Management Committees (CMCs):
 decentralised bodies, constituted by
 representatives of different stakeholders' groups,
 that will be responsible for local level planning,
 control and monitoring of the CMAs water
 resources;





2. DEMARCATION OF CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT AREAS

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DEMARCATION OF CMAs; FORMULATED OPTIONS



- Option 1 Current Zones CMAs: maintaining the business-as-usual spatial governance for water sector;
- Option 2 DWS/WUC Aggregate CMAs: merging DWS and WUC current zones into CMAs;
- 3. Option 3 **Administrative CMAs**: CMAs integrate both DWS and WUC zones within the administrative districts;
- Option 4 River Basins CMAs: articulation of DWS centres with regional hydrological features to create CMAs;

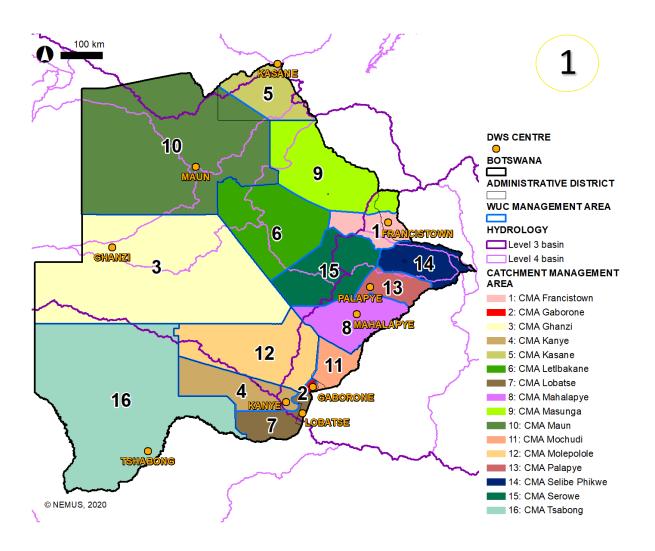


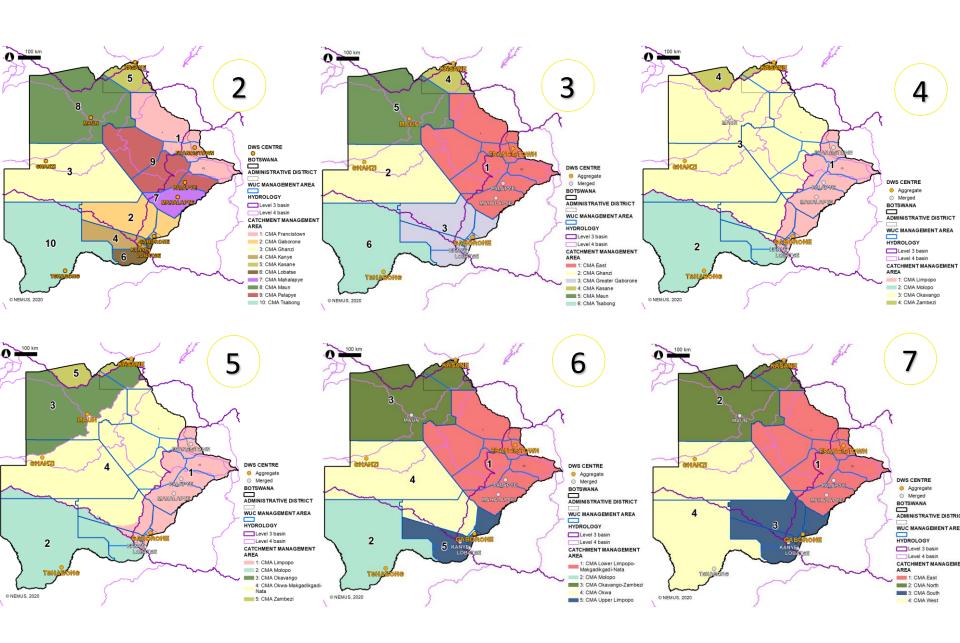
DEMARCATION OF CMAs; FORMULATED OPTIONS



- Option 5 Water Sector Aggregate CMAs: merging DWS and river basins and redefinition of WUC zones according to hydrological features;
- Option 6 River Basins/ Administrative CMAs: consideration of the administrative districts distribution throughout the hydrological watersheds;
- Option 7 Planning Regions CMAs: the CMAs reflect the Botswana National Spatial Plan 2036 future planning regions







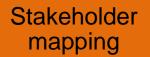


3. CONSULTATION APPROACH

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CONSULTATION PROCESS







Planning



Consultation



Monitoring

Included in Inception Report (D-1)

Designing the survey instrument for the consultation (D-3)

Survey methods implementation; data analysis; presentations of findings and recommendations (D-4)

Final report discussion and approval (D-5 and D-6)







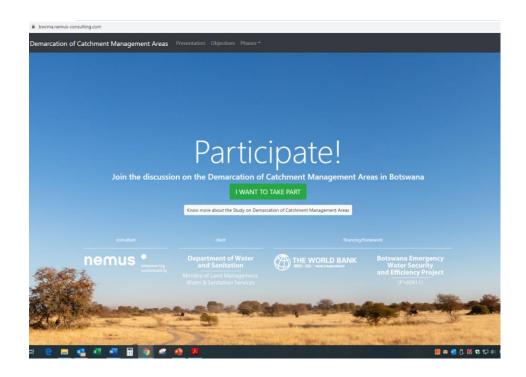
Phase	Туре	Target	Applicability
1 and 3	Meeting/ Interviews with key stakeholders	Key stakeholders	 Discuss initial processes for catchments demarcation Review existing village level community structures and administrative capacity to do catchment area management Individual/small groups more detailed perspectives Interaction, important for relationship building
3	Questionnaires	Key stakeholders/ Institutions	 Base data and initial opinion Larger samples with lower monetary and time costs Reach respondents widely scattered
3	Meeting at Kgotla level	Kgotla	 Discuss initial proposes for catchments demarcation Review existing village level community structures and administrative capacity to do catchment area management Reaching and engaging the community at the lowest level More time, planning and communication structures
3	Forum	Stakeholders and community	 Discussion of formulated catchment area management approaches Discussion and engagement in decision-making Collaborate and empower level of public participation
5	National Workshop	Stakeholders	 Presentation and validation of the Draft report Less controversial decision and to identify shared values



PROJECT'S WEBSITE



- Accessible to the public in general;
- Information disclosure and open public participation;
- Community and stakeholders can obtain information quickly and easily;
- Mean of inviting stakeholders to participate in the consultation process – Questionnaire aiming at the public in general.







4. STAKEHOLDERS IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS

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POTENTIAL STAKEHOLDERS



- 50 institutions with relevance for water management;
- Institutions might be represented by one or more entities (ministries, departments, association) identified as potential stakeholders;
- Based on this analysis, a stricter group of stakeholders will be defined for each consultation exercise.





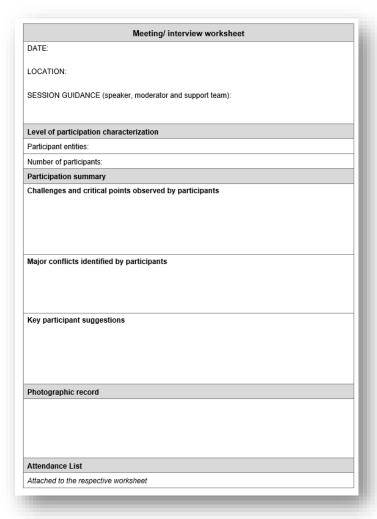
5. GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR THE STAKEHOLDER/ COMMUNITY CONSULTATION EXERCISES

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MEETINGS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS; OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE



- Main objectives:
 - Establish contacts and build bridges;
 - Fully engage key stakeholders;
 - Gather with more detail and insight the main concerns and suggestions;
 - Understand their capacity for managing water resources at the local-level.
- National and regional level;
- Proposal of 16 meetings at each level;
- Each meeting has at least 1/3 representatives;
- Guide by specific survey framework;





MEETINGS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS; TARGET STAKEHOLDERS



Scale	Local	Institutions present at each meeting		
		Department of Meteorological Services		
		Department of Mines		
		Department of Environmental Affairs		
		Department of Town and Regional Planning		
National	Gaborone	Department of Surveys and Physical Planning		
		Department of Wildlife and National Parks		
		Ministry of Agriculture		
		Botswana Association of Local Authorities		
		Water Utilities Corporation (WUC)		
	Tsabong	Land-Board; District Commissioner; Power Utilities;		
		Umbrella Village Development Committee (VDC) East; VDC West;		
		Department of Water and Sanitation		
	Ghanzi	Department of Water and Sanitation		
		District Commissioner East; House of Chiefs; Land-Board; Prison;		
		Police; Department of Water and Sanitation;		
	Grianzi	Ministry of Communications; Department of Environmental Affairs;		
	_	Ministry of Agriculture; Ministry of Education; WUC; Umbrella VDC		
Danianal		Umbrella VDC Township		
Regional	Serowe	District Commissioner		
		Umbrella VDC		
		Department of Water and Sanitation		
		Ministry of Agriculture		
	Francistown	District Commissioner		
		Department of Water and Sanitation		
		Ministry of Agriculture		
	Mahalapye	Department of Water and Sanitation; District Commissioner; WUC		
	Gaborone Department of Water and Sanitation			



MEETINGS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS; TARGET STAKEHOLDERS



- During Phase 1 NEMUS has conducted:
- 9 meetings with national institutions
- 13 meetings with regional institutions



Meeting w/ Francistown regional MoA Dept. (27/11/19)



Meeting w/ Francistown District Council (27/11/19)



Meeting w/ Francistown regional DWS (27/11/19)



MEETINGS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS; TARGET STAKEHOLDERS





Meeting w/ Serowe House of Chiefs (26/11/19)



Meeting w/ Serowe MoA Dept. (26/11/19)



Meeting w/ Serowe DWS (26/11/19)



Meeting w/ Serowe Umbrella VDC (26/11/19)



Meeting w/ Ghanzi key stakeholders (22/11/19)



Meeting w/ Mahalapye DWS and WUC (28/11/19)



QUESTIONNAIRES; OBJECTIVE AND TARGET



- Social opinion on:
 - most relevant factors to consider when defining the CMAs;
 - composition and overall set up of the CMCs;
 - main challenges and strategies for each region within water management;
- Two different groups of target stakeholders:
 - 1. Governmental, technical and academic institutions/entities;
 - 2. Community and other main users (e.g. industries) representatives.



Stakeholder group	Stakeholders representatives	Number of questionnaires
At national level		
	Department of Water and Sanitation	1
	Water Utilities Corporation	1
	Ministry of Agriculture	1
	Department of Town and Regional Planning	1
	Department of Environmental Affairs	1
1 - Governmental,	Department of Wildlife and National Parks	1
technical and	Department of Mines	1
academic institutions/	Department of Surveys and Physical Planning	1
entities	Department of Meteorological Services	1
	BALA	1
	University of Botswana	1
	Okavango Research Institute	1
	Technical institution	1
	National NGO	1
At regional level		
	District Councils: North West, North East,	
	Ghanzi, Kgalagadi, Chobe, Southern,	10
4. 0	Kweneng, Central, Kgatleng, South East	
1 - Governmental, technical and	Land-Boards: Chobe, Ghanzi, Kgalagadi,	
academic institutions/	Kgatleng, Kweneng, Malete, Ngwaketse,	12
entities	Ngwato, Rolong, Tati, Tawana, Tlokweng	
entities	House of Chiefs	8
	Department of Water and Sanitation	10
	Water Utilities Corporation	16
	Farmers association	6
2 - Community and	Mining corporations	3
other main users	Umbrella VDCs of each region (some regions	16
(e.g. industries)	have north and south umbrella VDCs)	10
representatives	Relevant main users' associations	4
	(e.g. NGO's, CBOs)	





QUESTIONNAIRES; TEMPLATES



Template 1 - for group 1 – Governmental, technical and academic institutions/ entities:

- Content:
 - discussing both the demarcation of CMAs and set up CMCs;
 - opinion on the main challenges regarding water management and possible strategies;
- Implementation:
 - formal invitation.

Template 2 - for group 2 – Community representatives and relevant main users:

- Content:
 - gathering the opinion on the set up of CMCs;
 - challenges regarding water resources, as well as related recommendations;
- Implementation:
 - personally at meetings/ forums;
 - online through the website.



MEETINGS AT KGOTLA LEVEL; OBJECTIVES



- Presenting initial proposals for CMAs demarcation;
- Reviewing existing village level community structures and their involvement/ capacity for catchment area management;
- Collecting other information, namely on expectations, potentialities, vulnerabilities and conflict situations concerning the catchment management areas territorial dynamics.



MEETINGS AT KGOTLA LEVEL; TARGET, EXTENT AND FORMAT



- Aiming at community in general, including community associations related with water management (e. g. CBOs);
- 30 to 80 participants;
- Initial expository session followed by debate:
- Focus group to ease the discussion
- 6 kgotla meetings: Tsabong, Ghanzi, Francistown, Gaborone, Maun and Kasane.



FORUM; MAIN OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES



- Present and discuss the assumptions and methods adopted for the demarcation of CMAs;
- Analyse the proposed options for CMAs and identify the best approach;
- Review the capacity of decentralized institutions for managing water resources within a CMC;
- Obtain other specific information relevant to the consolidation of the CMAs demarcation and management proposal.

Main expected outcome



Identify a consensual preferential option



FORUM; EXTENT



- National level:
 - 2 forums each with 20 to 40 participants:
 - Early engagement Inception Report Workshop (W1) held in 25th November;
 - 2. Intermediate phase to incorporate stakeholders' inputs in final results.
- Regional level
 - 6 forums each with 15 to 30 participants;
 - 6 different regions



FORUM; STRUCTURE



Overall structure:

- Initial presentation of the consultation objectives;
- Expository session of the catchment management approaches assessed;
- Debate section;

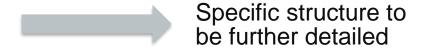
Timetable	Duration	Moment	Content
8h30-9:00	30'	Reception	Welcome and registration
9:00	-	Opening session	-
9:00-9:15	15'	Introduction	Study briefing Meeting objectives
9:15-10:00	45'	Demarcation of catchment management areas proposal	Methodology and results of the assessed options for the demarcation of catchment management areas (CMAs)
10:00-10:45	45'	Debate	Group discussion around the assumptions considered for the CMAs demarcation
10:45-11:15	30'	Coffee break	break
11:15-11:45	30'	Catchment management strategies and governance	Review administrative capacity of decentralised water institutions and community structures to do catchment management
11:45 -12:30	45'	Debate	Group discussion about possible management institutional arrangement and main concerns
12:30-13:00h	30'	Conclusions	Summary of discussion results General conclusions
13:00	-	Closing session	-



NATIONAL WORKSHOP; GENERAL OBJECTIVES AND STRUCTURE



- Present and disseminate the study's main results
- Validate the Draft Final Report (D-5)
- Democratic participation
- One-day event







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- 50 institutions identified as potential stakeholders - 21 specific entities selected as key stakeholders;
- At the national level: 9 meetings and 1 workshop were held, comprising a total of 10 institutions consulted;
- In the regions: 13 meetings with 10 different institutions were conducted.





 The stakeholders' engagement strategy includes the following consultation exercises which are to be carried out sequentially:

Consultation	Number of exercises	Done	To be done
Interviews/meetings with key stakeholders	16 at national level 16 at regional level Total: 32	9 at national level 13 at regional level Total: 22	7 at national level 3 at regional level Total: 10
Questionnaires	14 at national level 85 at regional level Total: 99	none	14 at national level 85 at regional level
Meetings at kgotla level	6 at regional level	none	6 at regional
Forums	2 at national level 6 at regional level Total: 8	1 at national level (IR workshop)	1 at national level 6 at regional level
National workshop	1 at national level	none	1 at national level





Next steps include sending questionnaires:

At national level			
#	Institution		
1	Department of Water and Sanitation		
2	Water Utilities Corporation		
3	Ministry of Agriculture		
4	Department of Town and Regional Planning		
5	Department of Environmental Affairs		
6	Department of Wildlife and National Parks		
7	Department of Mines		
8	Department of Surveys and Physical Planning		
9	Department of Meteorological Services		
10	BALA		
11	University of Botswana		
12	Okavango Research Institute		
13	Technical institution		
14	National NGO		

At regional level		
#	Institution	
1	Department of Water and Sanitation	
2	Water Utilities Corporation	
3	District Councils: North West, North East, Ghanzi, Kgalagadi, Chobe, Southern, Kweneng, Central, Kgatleng, South East	
4	Land-Boards: Chobe, Ghanzi, Kgalagadi, Kgatleng, Kweneng, Malete, Ngwaketse, Ngwato, Rolong, Tati, Tawana, Tlokweng	
5	House of Chiefs	
6	Farmers Association	
7	Mining Corporations	
8	Umbrella VDCs of each region	
9	Relevant main user's associations (e.g. NGO's, CBO's)	





- Next steps include also:
 - Organizing Regional Forums to be carry out in 6 regions: Tsabong, Ghanzi, Gaborone, Francistown, Maun, Kasane;
 - Planning and carrying out Kgotla
 Meetings also at 6 regions: Tsabong,
 Ghanzi, Gaborone, Francistown,
 Maun, Kasane.





Thank you

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ACRONYMS



CMA Catchment Management Area

DWS Department of Water and Sanitation

IWRM-WE Integrated Water Resources Management and Water Efficiency

MoA Ministry of Agriculture

WUC Water Utilities Corporation